

## HW11: Clustering, dimensionality reduction

Hand in via moodle at: <https://moodle.umass.edu/course/view.php?id=20836>. Remember that only PDF submissions are accepted. We encourage using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X to produce your writeups. See `hw00.tex` for an example of how to do so. You can make a `.pdf` out of the `.tex` by running “`pdflatex hw00.tex`”. You’ll need `mydefs.sty` and `notes.sty` which can be downloaded from the course page.

1. Suppose you have  $N$  points. Consider a brute force algorithm for agglomerative clustering using the single-link (minimum distance) criteria. For a pair of sets  $A$  and  $B$ , to compute the distance between them the algorithm compares all pairs of distances between the elements of set  $A$  and set  $B$  to find the minimum. The time taken to do this is  $O(|A||B|)$  where  $|A|$  is the size of set  $A$ . What is the complexity of this algorithm (in “big  $O$ ” notion) for clustering  $N$  points?
2. A dataset  $D$  has 64 points. Each point in  $D$  is a vector of length 6830, in other words there are 6830 features. If we do Principal Component Analyses (PCA) of this dataset  $D$ , how many principal components with non-zero variance would we get? Explain why?